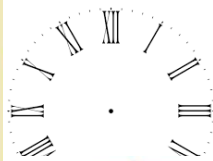


## ROMAN NUMERALS

1	I	11	XI	30	XXX
2	II	12	XII	40	XL
3	III	13	XIII	50	L
4	IV	14	XIV	60	LX
5	V	15	XV	70	LXX
6	VI	16	XVI	80	LXXX
7	VII	17	XVII	90	XC
8	VIII	18	XVIII	100	C
9	IX	19	XIX	500	D
10	X	20	XX	1000	M



Did you  
KNOW?

55 BCE



Julius Caesar first  
invades Britain but  
forced to return  
home.

CE 1



Jesus is born.

CE 43



The Roman army  
lands in England.

CE 61



Boudicca rebels  
against the Romans.

CE 122



The building  
of Hadrian's  
Wall begins.

CE 410



Roman rule in  
Britain ends.

CE 455



The Roman Empire  
collapses.

# Romans Fact-file

A very important ancient civilisation, the arrival of Romans dramatically changed the way people lived and is still seen today (public baths, libraries, street stalls, aqueducts, glass, the calendar and sewers to name a few).

Julius Caesar attempted to invade Britain in 55-54 BC Emperor Claudius did so successfully in CE 43.

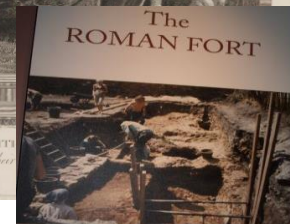
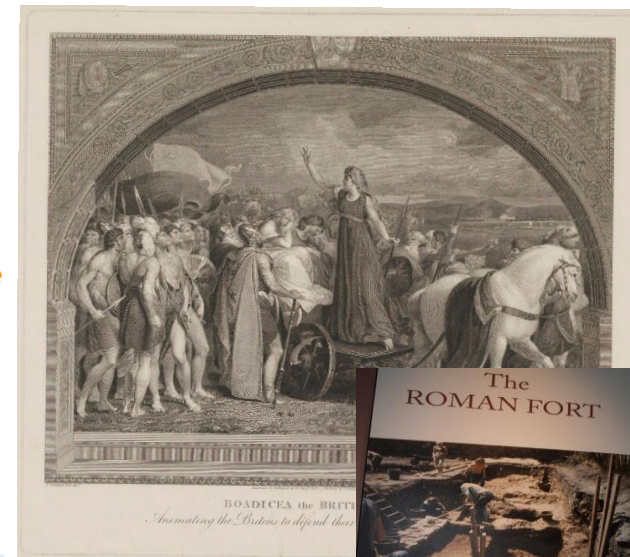
There were no roads in Britain before. They built 10,000 miles of roads such as the Fosse Way.

Emperor Hadrian ordered a wall be built between Roman Britain and Scotland (73 miles long!).

Like Chesterfield, towns were set up in a grid with a market square called the 'forum'. If a town has '-cester' or '-chester' in the name...it is Roman!

Latin, Roman language, was spoken in the towns.

Boudicca was the Queen of the Iceni tribe of modern day East Anglia. She led an important revolt against Rome.



Archaeological excavations during the 1970s revealed that the Roman fort at Chesterfield was constructed about 50 A.D. It is thought that it was built to protect the road which connected the larger forts at Derby and Rotherham. There seem to have been several periods of building before the site was abandoned.

## Vocabulary

**Rome** – capital of Italy on the Tiber & ancient capital of the Empire.

**Empire** - an extensive group of states or countries ruled over by a single monarch, an oligarchy, or a sovereign state

**Emperor** – Ruler of the Roman Empire

**Legion** – a division of thousands of soldiers in the army.

**Barbarian** – someone not belonging to the Empire

**Villa** – large, country Roman house

**Amphitheatre** – open oval or circular building for drama or sports.

**Pantheon** – Roman temple dedicated to gods of pagan Rome

**Chariot** – two-wheeled vehicle drawn by horses

**Temple** – building for worship

**Bath** – building with rooms for socialising and bathing.

